INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR ASSEMBLED SYSTEMS

Installation Instructions

Install the system PC boards as indicated on the motherboard photo. See Photo 1.

Make sure that each board is placed in the correct slot before applying power to your system. The component side of all boards should be facing the same direction as shown in the cabinet overview. See Photo 2.

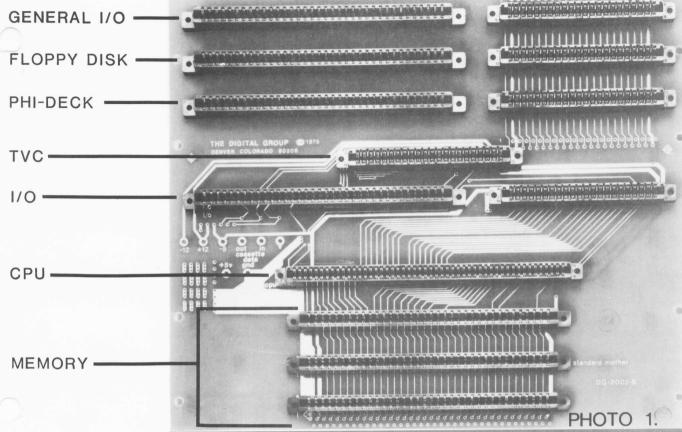
Please check each card when installed in the motherboard to make sure that individual edge connector pins only make contact with matching board pins.

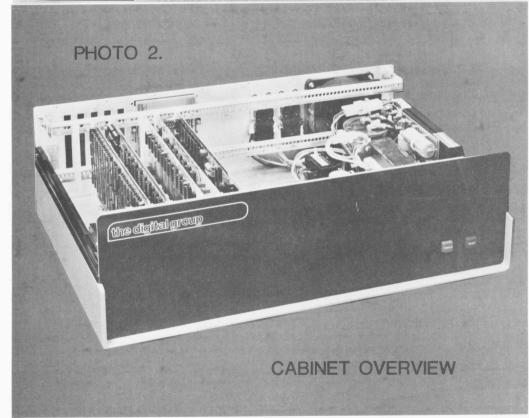
The labeled CPU backplane is shown in Photo 3. Plug in the appropriate cables for your system, using the orientation on each cable paddlecard. Again be sure that the paddlecard pins only make contact with the corresponding edge connector pins on the CPU backplane, and that the correct paddlecard is installed in each slot.

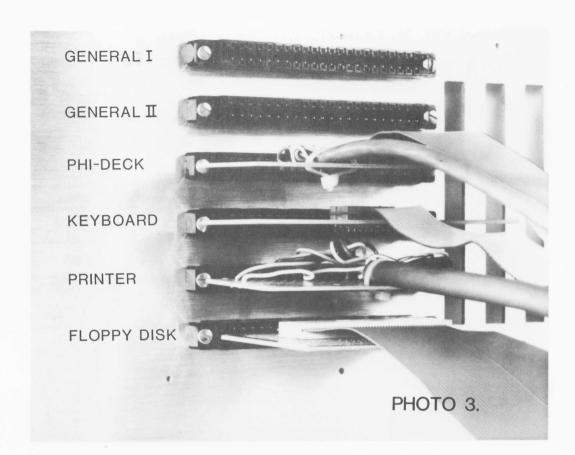
The power supply has not been installed in order to prevent damage to the CPU cabinet during shipping. Use the screws already mounted in the CPU cabinet baseplate to install the power supply. The Molex plug must be in place before applying power to the system. The plug is keyed so that it may not be accidentally reversed. See Photo 4.

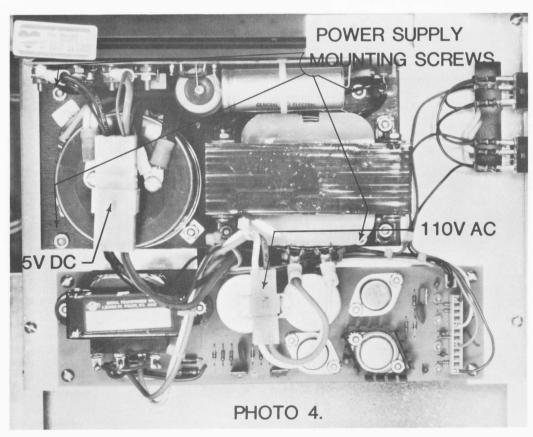
If you have installed an 18 amp power supply and Power 0 in your Digital Group CPU cabinet, a full size memory expander board and a standard motherboard will not fit inside the cabinet. The memory expander board may be cut to fit but this must be done carefully with a band saw or precision cutting machine to avoid damaging the traces. It is recommended that system expansion beyond 26K be accomplished with a Digital Group 16K or 32K board.

Floppy Disk	GND GND	5 B +5V	3 C -12V	∧9÷	5 E B1 Select	6 F B0 Select	7 H A1	T 8	¥ : :	7	Σ	Z	3 P GND	ι	S	F	n 2	>	M 6) X +12V	1 Y +5V	<u>(</u> 4)
•	GND	+ 5V	·12V 3	7	(Z)	Head Load 6	Read Data 7		Direction 9	Sector 10	AØ Selector 11	Track 00 12	Write Data 13	7	A Ready 15	Write Current 16	Stepout 17	Index 18	9	-12V 20	+5V 21	
	GND	+5V	-12v	LSB	LSB+1	LSB+2	LSB+3	MSB-3	MSB-2	MSB-1	MSB	MSB	MSB-1	MSB-2	MSB-3	LSB+3	LSB+2	LSB+1	LSB	+12V	+5V	(
Printer	1 ° - A	2 - B	3 C	4 - D	5 - E	9 · F	7 · · H			10 L		12 - N	13 P	14 R	15 S	16 T	17 U	18 V	W 61	20 X	21 Y	1
	GND	.5v	+12V						A	general september (gleiners)	111									-12V	+5V	(
ō	GND	+5V	-12V	0	-	2	е	4	5	9	STROBE		ar es			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				+12V	+5V	
Keyboard	1 A	2 B	3 0	4 D	5 E	9 F	7 · ·		o ₹	10 L	11 - M	12 N	13 P	14 R	15 - S	16 T	17 0	18 V	W 61	20 X	21 Y	
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	GND	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	-12V	ALLENGSWGND	ALLENGSW	REV3	FWD3	SUP3	ENG3	REV2	FWD2	SUP2	ENG2	MANSTOP	SHIELD	HDB3	нов2	HDB1	HDB@	+127		•
PhiDec	1 A GND		() !	4 D ALLENGSWGND	5 E ALLENGSW	6 F REV3	7 H FWD3	8 J SUP3	9 K ENG3	10 L REV2	11 M FWD2	12 N SUP2	٠.	14 R MANSTOP	15 S SHIELD	16 T HDB3	17 U HDB2	18 V HDB1	M 61	· ×	; > !	
PhiDec	∢ .	2 8) • •	4 - D	ш •	ı 1 9	H - : 2		¥ 1 6	10 L	- - - -	12 · · N	13 P	14 R	S .	⊢	17 U	18 V	9	× - 02	21	
General II PhiDec	1 A	2 8	3 .	4 0	5 · E	ı 1 9	H - : 2	FWD1 8 J	REV1 9 : K	10 L	SUPØ 11 - M	FWDØ 12: N	13 P	14 R	15 S	16 T	17 U	18 V	. · 91	× - 02	21	
General II	1 A	2 8	3 .	4 0	5 · E	ı 1 9	output SUP1 7 H	FWD1 8 J	REV1 9 : K	ENGØ 10 L	MSB SUPØ 11 . I	MSB SAME FWDØ 12 ' N	13 P	14 R	15 S	16 T	(odd) HDA2 17 U	18 V	LSB HDAØ 19 W	× - 02	21	.))
!	GND 1 A		+12V 3 -	CAPSUPPLY 4 D	5 · E	ı 1 9	SUP1 7 H	FWD1 8 J	REV1 9 : K	ENGØ 10 L	SUPO 11	FWDØ 12 · ·	13 P	14 R	15 S	HDA3 16 T	HDA2 17 U	18 V	DAGE 1	× - 000 200 1	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	









INTRODUCTION

HOW TO GET STARTED

- 1. Unpack the entire kit by disassembling the entire cabinet as shipped including the top, bottom, and both side rails.
- 2. Check parts against parts list and figure 1.
- 3. Appendix B contains exploded assembly drawings, set up for easy referral.
- 4. Read through all the instructions first.
- 5. Get all necessary tools together .:
 - A. scissors
 - B. knife
 - C. needle-nose pliers
 - D. wire-stripper
 - E. open-ended wrench set
 - F. flat-blade screwdrivers
 - G. large pliers-slipjoint or similar
 - H. soldering gun, iron (35 watts or so), and resin core solder
 - I. Ball point screwdriver or allen wrench

The Digital Group cabinet will enclose and protect system cards such as the CPU, memory, and I/O.

In addition, the cabinet encloses support items such as power supplies, external I/O connections, fan and card quides. The cabinet uses a rugged aluminum construction and yet provides easy access to the internal circuitry. Top and bottom covers slide off to provide this access. Attention was given to making the cabinet RF tight. The rear openings may be screened and shielded. 4-40 threaded holes are included on the front and back panels to allow attaching of wiper fingers. Complete suppression of RF can be achieved using these options.

Some suggestions are in order before assembling the cabinet. Reading over the entire document before proceeding with the first step will eliminate a great deal of confusion and missed steps during construction. It is strongly suggested that all the circuit cards including the motherboard and the power supply be completely assembled and tested before installing in the cabinet. This could be done in a friend's system.

Insulate any wires or lugs that you feel might cause a short. Remember that aluminum can be bent so don't use excessive force while assembling the parts. If at all possible, take a look at an assembled cabinet someone else has (such as a dealer or a friend).

Mark the box at the beginning of each step to indicate when completed.

FOR PRE-ASSEMBLED CABINETS

PLEASE REFER TO STEP 69 TO REMOVE THE COVER.

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CPU CABINET PARTS LIST

HARDWARE BAG

- 2 110 Volt wall outlets
- 1 Power cord
- 1 22 pin connector
- 1 Power cord strain relief
- 1 UHF connector
- 2 Mini phone jacks
- 1 Red power switch
- 1 Blue reset switch
- 4 Rubber feet
- 10 Plastic card guides (snap-in type)
- 1 Allen screwdriver

LARGE HARDWARE

- 1 Front panel
- 1 Rear panel
- 1 Front dress panel
- 2 Side rails
- 1 Top cover
- 1 Bottom cover
- 1 Wiring harness
- 2 Front card guide supports
- 2 Rear card guide supports
- 1 Fan
- 1 Backplane

FAN KIT

- 4 6-32 x 1" screws
- 3 6-32 nuts
- 1 Mounting clip
- 4 Rubber grommets
- 1 Fan switch
- 1 Finger guard

SMALL PARTS BAG

- 10 4-40 x 1/2" screws
- 7 6-32 x 3/8" screws
- 20 8-32 x 1/4" screws
- 13 8-32 x 3/8" screws
- 6 8-32 x 3/8" hexhead screws
- 10 4-40 Hex nuts
- 10 4-40 Lock washers
- 1 6-32 Hex nut
- 19 8-32 Hex nuts
- 8 Fiber washers
- 3 14 ga. 8-32 crimp lugs
- 4 8-32 x 1/2" screws
- 2 Solder lugs

POWER PLATE KIT

- 1 Power supply mounting plate
- Fuse holder
- 1 Fuse**
- ** 2.5 Amp for 6 amp power supply
 - 4.0 Amp for 12 amp power supply
 - 5.0 Amp for 18 amp power supply

CPU CABINET ASSEMBLY

1. REAR PANEL

The rear panel is shown as Item 18 in Figure 1. In this series of steps we will install some of the components that mount on the rear panel. Study Figure 3 and 4.

- 2.

 Refer to Figure 6. Locate the backplane circuit board. Insert the 22 pin connector(s) that will be soldered on the backplane. (Normally, one connector is supplied with the cabinet kit; options will add more connectors.) Insert the connector(s) from non-trace side of backplane. (DO NOT SOLDER THE CONNECTOR(S) YET!) Lay the backplane with the installed connector(s) into the group of six slots. Wiggle the connectors to get them to fit in the slots. Make sure you push them all the way in Refer to Figure 7. Solder the connector(s) in. It should only be necessary to solder three pairs of pins on each side of the connector. Every time in the future that you add another connector to the backplane, be sure to do it in the same manner. (This procedure guarantees all connectors will line up in the slots.) Remove backplane for later installation.
- 3. Refer to Figures 3 and 4. Install the mini phone jacks (Item 2, Figure 1). Figures 3 and 4 show placement of the jacks. Tighten down securely but avoid over tightening. The flat washers should be on the outside.
- **4.** □ Refer to Figure 4. Install the UHF connector (Item 3, Figure 1). The UHF connector mounts through hole and extends to the outside. Use (3) 4-40 x 1/2" screws. washers, and hex nuts. The fourth screw is installed later.
- 5.
 Install the power cord making sure the strain relief (Figure 1, Items 4 and 5) allows the 9" of power cord inside the cabinet. Strip the power cord of 9" of outer insulation. The black wire should be 9" long. Cut the white wire to 8" long and the green wire to 2" long. Refer to Figure 8. To install the strain relief, place cord in the channel provided on larger part of the strain relief. Place the smaller top of the strain relief over cord and crimp bottom and top together with set of pliers. Push the clamped-together strain relief into the hole provided from the outside. Some force may be necessary.

- 6. ☐ Refer to Figure 3. Install the fuse holder with the rear solder lug in an up position. The fuse holder is packaged with the power supply plate (Figure 1, Items 14 or 33). The tape holding the fuse holder can be saved for use in a later step.
- 7.

 Install the push on/off fan switch with the solder lugs in an up position. (See Figure 1, Item 8.) Mount lock washer on the inside of rear panel and flat washer on the outside of the rear panel (Figure 3.)
- 8. DO NOT INSTALL THE FAN AT THIS TIME!

9. SIDE RAILS AND REAR CARD GUIDE SUPPORT

(Figure 1, Item 9.) Before proceeding, study Figures 1, 3, and 4 and note that the side rails (Item 9) are the heavy brown, anodized aluminum pieces. The card guide supports (Items 10 & 23) are the long, aluminum pieces with all the holes in them. They are sometimes referred to as "card rails".

- 10. ☐ Refer to Figure 5. Note that the side rails are not symmetrical. The end with the slots closest to the edge should attach to the front of the cabinet. Also note that the two rear card guide supports have longer mounting brackets than the front guide supports. All of the card guide supports should be mounted at appropriate step so that the long rows of evenly spaced holes are on top. (Figure 1, Item 10.)
- 11. ☐ Refer to Figure 9. Assemble the rear panel, side rails, and the one lower card guide support with (4) 8-32 x 3/8" hex cap screws. Each screw passes through the card guide support mounting hole, the rear panel bracket, and into a threaded hole in the side rail. DO NOT tighten the screws at this time. They are left loose to allow for later adjustment.
- **12.** DO NOT INSTALL THE REMAINING REAR CARD GUIDE SUPPORT AT THIS TIME!

13.□ FRONT PANEL, FRONT LOWER CARD GUIDE SUPPORT

Refer to Figure 10. Attach the front panel to the two side rails using (2) 8-32 x 3/8" round head machine screws These (2)



screws pass through the two front panel mounting bracket holes that are furthest from the front panel and into the threaded holes of the side rails. These (2) screws do not connect the front card guide support, and should be left loose to allow for hole alignment in the next step.

14. ☐ Again, refer to Figure 10. Install the lower front card guide support using (2) 8-32 x 3/8" hex cap screws. Again, note that the long row of evenly spaced holes goes on top. These (2) screws pass through the card guide support, the front panel mounting bracket, and into the side rail threaded holes. Push the card guide supports as far down as the oblong mounting holes permit and do not tighten the mounting screws at this time.

(NOTE: Switches shown in Figure 10 are installed later.)

15. POWER PLATE, MOTHERBOARD, UPPER FRONT GUIDE SUPPORT

Refer to Figure 11. Install the power plate to the front and rear internal mounting brackets using (4) 8-32 x $\frac{1}{2}$ machine screws, and (4) locking nuts. Position the power plate at the right-hand (fan) end of the cabinet with the large power plate cutout facing the inside of the cabinet. Make sure that the power and reset switches have an access hole cutout directly below their terminals. If this is not the case, then flip the power plate end over end. Do not tighten the screws at this time.

16. □ (NOTE: On some motherboards it will be necessary to re-drill the mounting holes to 3/16" diameter.)

Refer to Figure 12. Select one of the three locations provided for the motherboard, making sure the 36 pin memory slots face away from the fan end of the cabinet. (Holes should line up.) Install the motherboard using (8) 8-32 x ½" machine screws and (8) fiber washers. No hex nuts are required. The fiber washers are necessary to avoid shorting the –12 Volt supply line to chassis. This method allows maximum flexibility in motherboard placement. Do not tighten the screws at this time.

17.
Some explanation of the card guide support system is in order here. Once again, note that the row of evenly spaced holes will be along the top of the support when it has been correctly installed. The lower row of unevenly

spaced holes is designed to correspond to The Digital Group's motherboard numbers 2002-A and 2002-B in any of the three positions. The top row of holes is intended to accommodate those of you who may have created something of your own.

- 18. ☐ Refer to Figure 13. Hold the remaining front card guide support in position and determine which holes the plastic card guides must be installed in to accommodate the position of the motherboard. Mark these holes.
- 19. ☐ Refer to Figure 14. Snap the plastic card guides into the holes you have just marked, making sure that the end of the card guide with a small "v" cut into the channel is in the upright position.
- 20. ☐ Using marked card guide support as a guide, snap plastic card guides into the uninstalled UPPER REAR card guide support so that the two sets of guide supports are face-to-face as you do this, since they are mirror images of one another.
- 21. ☐ Fasten the upper front card guide support to the two mounting brackets using (2) 8-32 x 3/8" hex head cap screws and locking hex nuts (Figure 15). Do not tighten the screws at this time.
- 22. Align the plastic card guides with the holes on the bottom card guide support and snap the card guides into place. Do not install upper rear card guide support at this time.

23. POWER SUPPLIES

In this series of steps, we will install a POWER Ø board and either a 6 Amp, 12 Amp, or 18 Amp, 5 Volt supply. (If you plan to ship an assembled system, the power supplies must be anchored more securely than they are in normal operation. Packing foam or equivalent is recommended.)

24. ☐ Refer to Figure 16. Install 6 Amp, 12 Amp, or 18 Amp +5 power supply, whichever the case may be, by installing (4) 8-32 x 3/8′ screws through the bottom of the power plate first, then through the power supply itself. It is necessary to do this since there is no screwdriver access from the top; however, the hex nuts may be held with a pair of pliers and there is ample access from the bottom. (Figure 16.) The 5 Volt supply should be installed with the open end toward the center of the

cabinet. For the 6 and 12 Amp supplies, this places the transformer toward the rear of the cabinet and for the 18 Amp, the transformer is toward the front of the cabinet. (Figure 16 for 12 Amp; also look at Appendix A.)

- 25. ☐ Refer to Figure 17. Solder a solder lug to the ground trace on the POWER Ø. The small end of the lug should be positioned on the ground trace in a position almost directly across from the −5 marking on the POWER Ø board. Insert the end of your needle-nose pliers through the large end of the lug, then into the board mounting hole nearest the lug location. This centers the lug over the hole so the screw is not obstructed when mounting the board.
- 26. ☐ Refer to Figure 18. The POWER Ø installs over the large cutout on the edge of the power plate with (4) 8-32 x ½" screws, hex nuts are not necessary. The transformer should be toward the rear of the cabinet.

27. WIRING HARNESS

AT NO TIME SHOULD THE SYSTEM BE HOOKED TO POWER UNTIL THE MANUAL ADVISES IT. These steps, if not followed, could damage the system. Turn the chassis upside down. Refer to Figures 19 and 20. Lay out the wiring harness so that all of the leads are running to their approximate destinations. Make sure the bundle of wires that connect to the power supplies is fed through the power plate cutout that is between the two power supplies.

28. The first items to be attached to the wiring harness are the two power outlets. (Figure 1, Item 25.) While attaching the wires to outlets make sure outlets (which have not been mounted to the back panel) are oriented so they can be installed with green grounding screw and grounding holes facing downward. (See Figure 42.) Discard the two long screws that may be attached to each of the power outlets. The outlet farthest from the fan will be the unswitched outlet and the one nearest the fan will be switched. Neither outlet will be fused

The wires in the harness will breakout and line up in approximate order in which they are to be attached. Starting with the unswitched outlet, attach the SINGLE WHITE wire to one of the screw terminals located farthest from the fan hole. Connect the BLACK wire from

the power cord to the remaining screw terminal on this side. Use a crimp-on lug provided to connect BLACK wire of power cord to outlet. (If you don't have a crimping tool, use a pair of sturdy needle-nose pliers or equivalent to crimp-on lug to black wire (Figure 21). TUG ON WIRE TO MAKE SURE IT IS HELD SECURELY BY CRIMP-ON LUG.

- 29. On the other side of unswitched outlet connect the longest GRAY WIRE PAIR that terminates in a crimp-on lug. Also, attach the WHITE lead from the power cord to same side of outlet using a crimp-on lug provided (Figure 21) using same crimp-on technique as in Step 28.
- 30. ☐ Moving to the outlet nearest the fan (Figure 21), mount the WHITE WIRE PAIR to one of the two terminals located away from the fan hole. This is the switched outlet.
- 31. ☐ On the side of the switched outlet nearest the fan hole, connect the GRAY WIRE PAIR to a terminal. Connect the remaining SINGLE BLACK WIRE to this side (Figure 21).
- 32.

 MAKE SURE ALL OUTLET CONNECTIONS ARE TIGHT. Use washers if necessary. DON'T STRIP THE SCREWS OUT. Install both outlets using (2) 6-32 x 3/8" screws for centers and (4) 8-32 x 1/4" screws with (4) hex nuts. Looking at Figure 21, make sure the outlets are installed with the grounding hole below the two power slots on the outlet. Attach the third crimp-on lug to green ground lead. CONNECT THE GREEN GROUND LEAD FROM THE POWER CORD TO THE THREADED HOLE JUST BELOW THE FUSE HOLDER OR TO ONE OF THE BOLTS ON THE UHF CONNECTOR. Use a single 8-32 x 3/8" screw, and hex nut (nut goes on inside of panel). (See Figure 21 and 3.)
- 33. The wiring harness has been designed to accommodate various power supply options. Thus, some compromises have been made on lead lengths. If you are installing an 18 Amp supply, you may trim the wires to fit as closely as you like. However, if you have a lower current supply, DO NOT cut any of the leads unless you are absolutely certain you will never upgrade to a larger supply. The 12 Amp supply may have either bolt-on or solder-on type terminals (for the DC outputs) depending on the manufacturer. If your supply has the bolt-on type of terminal, or if you

are installing an 18 Amp supply, use the crimp-on terminals supplied and terminate the two red wires together and the two black wires together. Use the same crimp-on technique as described in Step 28. See Appendix A. Two crimp-on's may come attached to your power supply.

- 34. ☐ Refer to Figure 22. There are two sets of gray-white pairs that lead to the power supply area. The shorter set goes to the transformer of the 5 Volt supply (whether it be 6, 12, or 18 Amp). Solder the gray wire to the tab closest to the back of the cabinet and the white lead to the tab nearest the front. FOR EXACT DETAILS ON WHICH TABS TO USE, REFER TO POWER SUPPLY INFORMATION IN APPENDIX A OF THIS ASSEMBLY MANUAL AND INFORMATION INCLUDED WITH POWER SUPPLY.
- 35. ☐ Refer to Figure 22. Solder the longer graywhite pair to the two terminals of the POWER Ø. Gray wire goes to tab nearest back of cabinet, white to tab nearest front.
- 36. ☐ Connect the two red wires to the + terminal on the +5V supply. SEE THE POWER SUP-PLY INFORMATION FOR EXACT DETAILS. APPENDIX A. AND FIGURE 23.
- **37.** □ Connect the two black wires to the − terminal on the +5V supply. See Appendix A and Figure 23.
- **38.** □ Refer to Figure 24. Push the molex connector onto the POWER Ø pins. The red wire end of the molex connector goes toward the center of the cabinet.
- 39. ☐ Refer to Figure 25. Connect the two gray shielded audio cables to the two audio jacks on the rear panel. Make sure that the shields are connected to the ground terminal on each jack. Solder the shield very carefully to avoid melting inner insulation and shorting the cable.
- **40.** □ Refer to Figure 25. Connect the black shielded video cable to the video jack on the rear panel. The inner conductor is soldered into the center post, and the shield lug is fastened via a fourth 4-40 x ½" screw left out previously.
- **41.** □ Refer to Figure 26. Fasten the ring lug with three wires in it to the rear terminal of the

fuse holder. Use (1) 6-32 x 3/8" screw and hex nut. TIGHTEN SECURELY.

- **42.** □ Refer to Figures 21 & 26. Solder the free end of the SHORT WHITE wire running from the fuse holder lug to the fan switch terminal farthest from the rear panel.
- **43.** \square Solder the longer remaining WHITE wire to the unused fuse holder lug.
- **44.** \square Solder the remaining BLACK wire to the center terminal of the fan switch.

NOTE: There is a loop in the wiring harness where it connects to the mother-board. This allows flexibility in motherboard placement, for different configurations.

- **45.** □ Refer to Figures 27 & 28. Fasten the ring lug with the two black wires to the point marked "gnd" on the motherboard, using (1) 4-40 x ½'' and hex nut. Be sure to bend the lug so that there is no possibility of shorting to the +5V trace.
- **46.** □ Refer to Figure 28. Fasten the ring lug with the two red wires to the point marked "+5V" on the motherboard, using (1) 4-40 x ½" screw and hex nut.
- **47.** □ Solder the center conductor of the black video cable to the point marked "V" on the motherboard.

NOTE: The shield is not grounded on the motherboard end of either the video or audio cables to avoid ground loop problems. Prevent any shield wires from coming into contact with the +5V trace on the motherboard by using shrink tubing or spaghetti.

- **48.** □ Either visually or by using an ohmmeter, trace the audio cable that runs from the audio jack nearest the UHF video jack. Solder this cable center conductor to the point marked "in" on the motherboard.
- 49. ☐ Solder the center conductor of the other gray audio cable to the point marked "out" on the motherboard.
- **50.** \square Solder the orange wire to the point marked "-5" on the motherboard.



	Solder the (2) blue wires to the point marked "+12" on the motherboard. Solder a small loop of bare wire (use a resistor lead or equivalent) to the two small holes on the motherboard shown just above the "+12" point.	58.	to check DC voltages. If fuse blows, inspect wiring till problem is found. Don't jumper past fuse holder. BEFORE installing any boards, make absolutely certain that the proper voltages are getting to the motherboard and correct any discrepancy. UPPER REAR CARD GUIDE SUPPORT				
- 0 -	Calder the (0) valley wires to the loop just in	56.					
	Solder the (2) yellow wires to the loop just installed and trim carefully to avoid shorting to the chassis. Refer to Figure 29. Push the molex connector containing the purple wire onto pin 47 of CPU wirewrap connector. Pin 47 is located on the row of CPU wirewrap pins nearest the memory slots. It is the fourth pin from the end opposite the power supply connections on the motherboard. This is the reset pin mentioned	59 . 🗆	Refer to Figure 34. Fasten the upper re card guide support (with the plastic guide installed) to the brackets provided on the re panel. Use (4) 8-32 x 3/8" screws and locing hex nuts. Do not tighten the screws this time. Snap the plastic guides into the lower rear card guide support. Install enough PC boards in the motherboat to set the distance between the card guides.				
	in Digital Group CPU documentation.		The PC boards should be snug enough so that they do not rattle around.				
55. □	Refer to Figure 30. The four wires shown in Figure 30 are for connection to the I/O backplane board. The backplane is the board	60. □	Tighten loose screws in the following order: A. Each end of the front and rear upper				
	you prepared in Step 1. Refer to Figure 31. Solder the four wires in. Install with (4) 4-40 x $\frac{1}{2}$ ' screws and hex nuts to back panel. Backplane installs to inside of back panel.		card guide supports. B. Right end (fan end) of the front and rear lower card guide supports. C. Power supply plate.				
	Take the front dress panel and lay it over front panel, lining up switch holes (Figure 32). The Digital Group logo should face outward. Install the blue reset switch in the mounting hole closest to the end of the front panel. The switch should snap in. Install the red switch in the remaining hole.		 D. Motherboard (as far as is accessible with cards in). E. Left-hand end of rear lower rail. F. Remove any cards and plastic card guides necessary to allow access to the left-hand end of the lower front card rail and tighten both screws. G. Now, tighten any other screws that 				
	NOTE: To protect dress panel, you might wish to tape newspaper over it and the switches for the rest of the as-		are still loose. H. Remove all cards.				
	sembly steps. Alternatively you can leave front dress panel off until sys-	61.	LOWER COVER				
	tem is completely operational, then remove the switches, add the dress panel, and reinstall switches.		Refer to Figure 35. Install the (4) rubber feet on the lower cover using (4) 8-32 x ½'' screws. The screws may not appear to be long enough, however, they work fine. A				
56. □	Connect the +5V and the black ground leads to the front panel switches as shown. Connect the (2) white power switch wires and the (1) purple reset switch wire to the front panel		longer screw would protrude into the cabinet and interfere with the slide action of the lower cover.				
57. □	switches as shown (Figure 33). This completes the wire harness installation.	62. □	Turn the assembled chassis upside down so that the wirewrap pins under the motherboard are showing.				
	Install fuse appropriate to your power supply. Check wiring over very carefully. Make sure all connections are snug. Carefully plug system in and if the fuse doesn't blow, proceed	63. □	Refer to Figure 36. Stand facing the front of the now upside down cabinet. Grasp the sides of the lower cover with the inside (un-				

painted) down toward the cabinet. The lipped edge or front of the lower cover should be facing you. Now, lower the cover until it rests on the side rails. Some wiggling and adjusting may be necessary to get the cover to drop past the interior mounting brackets.

- 64. ☐ Refer to Figure 37. When the cover contacts the side rails on each side, slide it first forward then backward until the SLIDES attached to the inside of the cover drop into the slots in the side rail.
- 65. ☐ Refer to Figure 38. Now, place your palm on the rear of the cover with your fingers around the rear panel and pull the cover into place. In some cases, inward pressure with palms and elbows on the side of the cover is necessary to get slides to engage on the inner track. Some light lubricant is recommended.
- **66.** □ Refer to Figure 39. Lock the cover in place with (2) 6-32 x 3/8" screws through the rear panel and into the slides.
- 67. ☐ Some vertical adjustment is possible on the side rail mountings. This is so that you may adjust the rails for the smoothest cover installation and removal. Trial and error will prove the most effective method in making the adjustments.

68. UPPER COVER

Turn the cabinet right side up. Install the upper cover much the way you did the lower cover starting with Step 63.

- 69. ☐ To remove a cover, first remove the two locking screws and insert finger tips between front dress panel and cover lip with thumbs on top of the cabinet about 3" in from each side. This starts the cover moving. Then pull until the slides reach the slots in the side rail. Now, pull up and off.
- 70. After installing the upper cover and deciding that the side rail vertical adjustment is where you want it (the fan hole allows some access to tighten screws while cover is in place) remove the upper and lower covers and proceed to install the fan.

71. FAN AND FAN GUARD

Refer to Figure 40. Install the (4) fan mounting grommets in the four holes surrounding the large fan cutout on the rear panel.

72.
\[
\textsize \textsize \text{Locate} \text{ the power connection and the arrow indicating direction of air flow on the fan body. Refer to Figure 40. Install the small metal spring clip on the fan's front mounting flange next to the power connection. (The front being the side of the fan that will blow air out of the cabinet.)

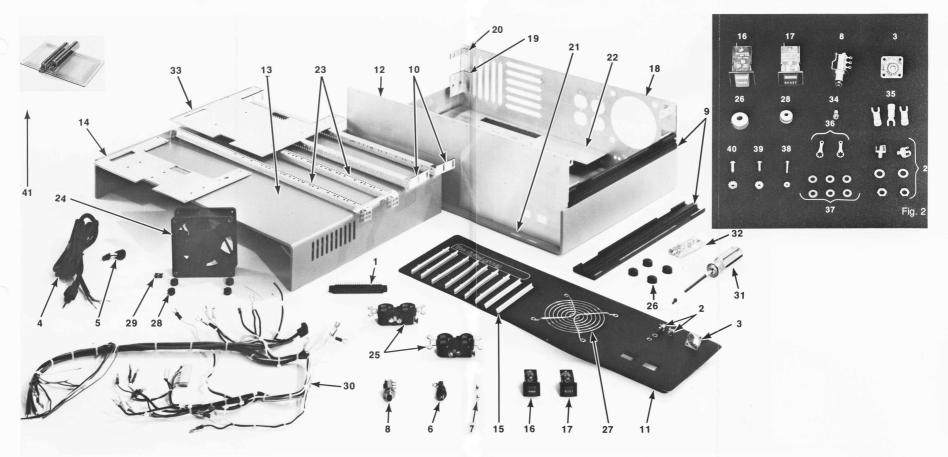
The spring clip acts as a nut for the screw used to mount the fan, as the power connection does not allow room for a hex nut.

- 73.
 Refer to Figure 40. Position the fan so that the air flow will be OUT of the cabinet, with the power connection being nearest the UHF connector on the rear panel.
- 74. ☐ Refer to Figure 41. Install the fan power cord by pushing it onto the terminals on the fan body.
- 75. Refer to Figure 42. Install the fan and the fan guard using (4) 6-32 x 1" screws and three hex nuts. The screws pass through the fan guard, rubber grommet, and fan mounting flange. Be careful to only tighten these screws until they are snug. Over-tightening will only crush the grommets and ruin their anti-vibration properties.
- 76.
 Before installing any boards in your new cabinet, please check once again that all the proper voltages are getting to the mother-board. Any problem could cost you several rather expensive IC's. Make this check carefully. Then install all boards in proper places.
- 77. □ Reinstall the upper and lower covers.

Thank you for buying a Digital Group system. We hope these instructions have been clear. If you encounter any difficulties, please feel free to give us a call.

THE DIGITAL GROUP





- 1. 22 Pin Connector
- 2. Audio Jacks
- 3. UHF Connector
- 4. Power Cord
- 5. Power Cord Strain Relief
- 6. Fuse Holder
- 7. Fuse
- 3. Fan Switch
- 9. Side Rails
- 10. Rear Card Guide Supports
- 11. Front Dress Plate
- 12. Front Panel

- 13. Upper Cover14. 12 Amp Power Plate
- 15. Plastic Card Guides
- 16. Red "Power" Switch
- 17. Blue "Reset" Switch
- 18. Rear Panel
- 19. Rear Side Rail Mounting Bracket (front not shown)
- 20. Rear Card Rail Mounting Bracket (front is smaller, also not shown)
- 22. Rear Interior Mounting Bracket (front is smaller, also not shown)
- 23. Front Card Guide Supports (showing plastic guide installed)
- 24. Fan

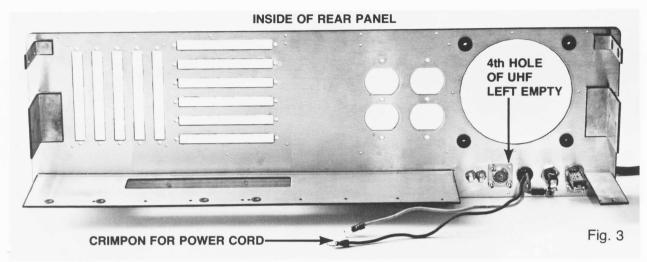
- 25. Standard Wall Outlet
- 26. **Rubber Furniture Guards**
- 27. Fan Finger Guard
- 28. **Fan Mounting Grommets**
- 29. Fan Mounting Clip
- 30. Wiring Harness
- **Ball Point Screwdriver**
- Small Parts Bag (hardware) 32.
- 18 Amp Power Plate 33.
- **Hex Head Screw** 34.
- 35. Crimp-on Lugs
- 36. Solder Lugs

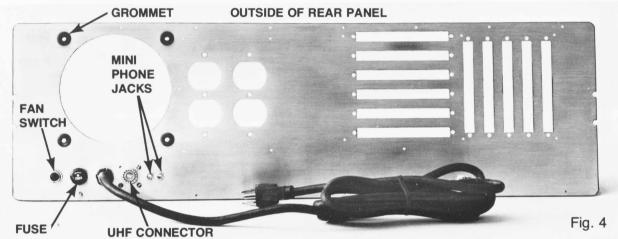
- 37. Fiber Insulators 38. 4-40 Screw
- 39. 6-32 Screw 40. 8-32 Screw
- 41. Backplane

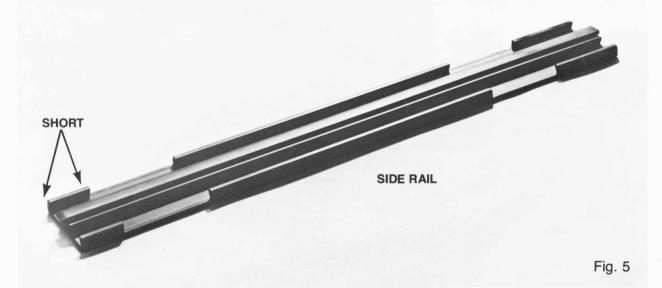
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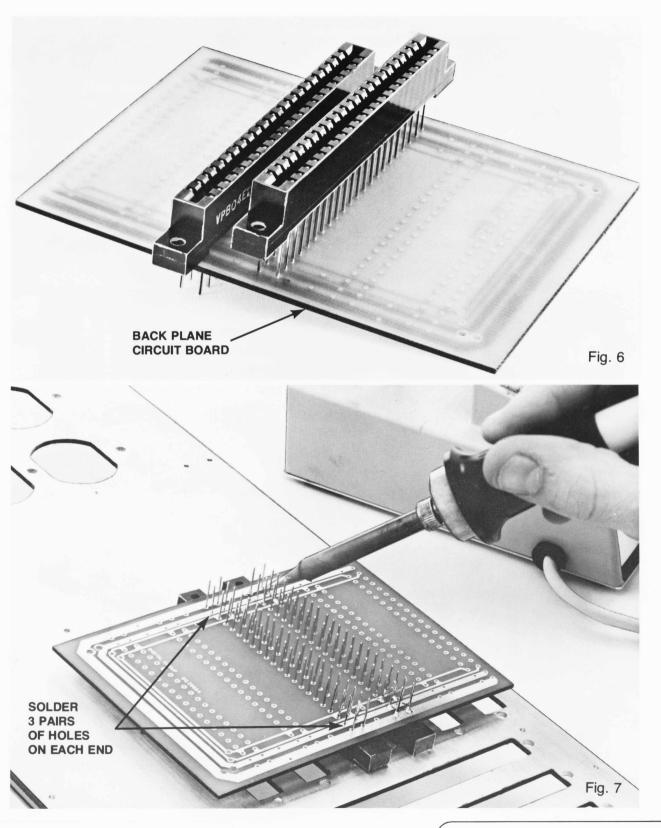
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Fig. 1

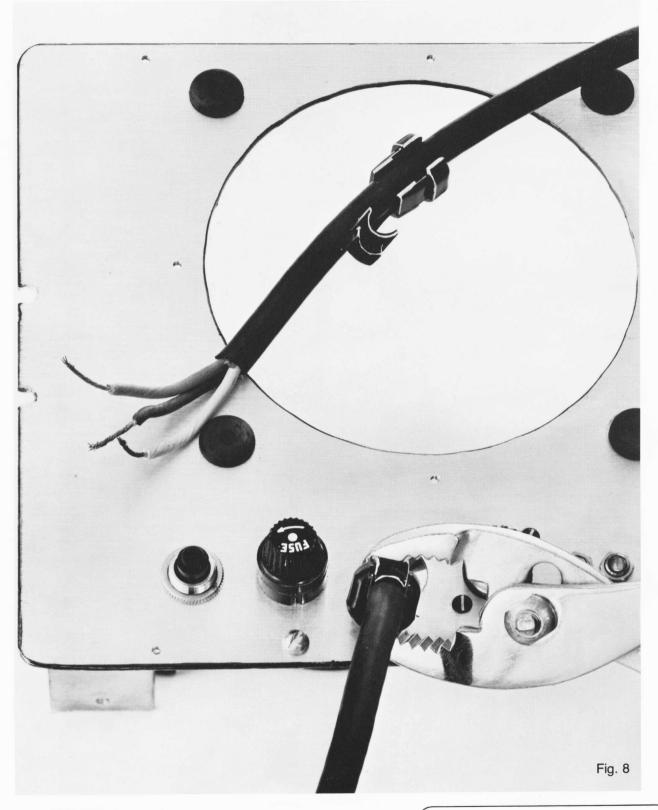


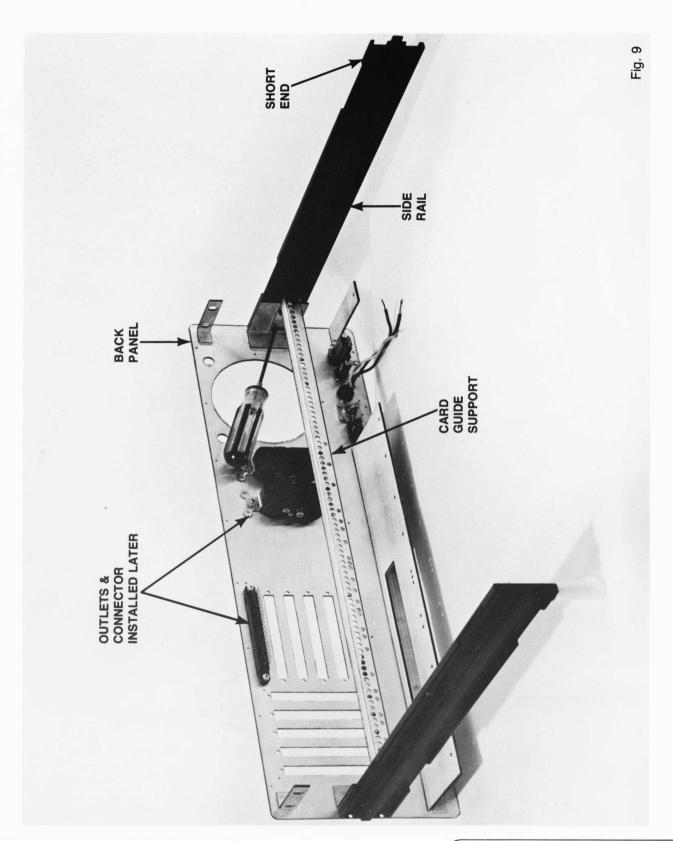


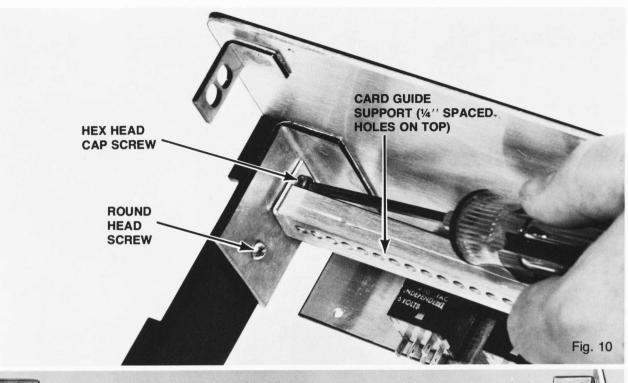


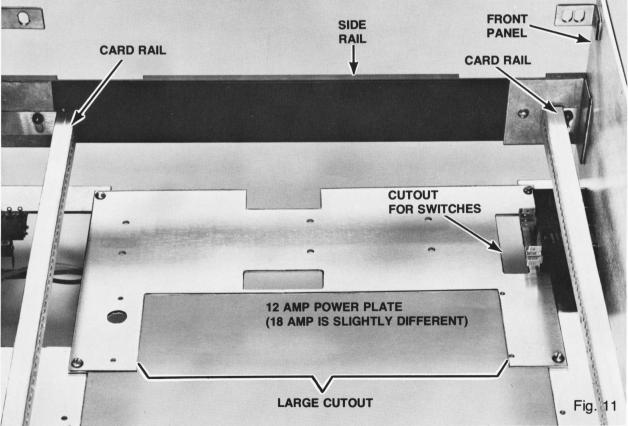


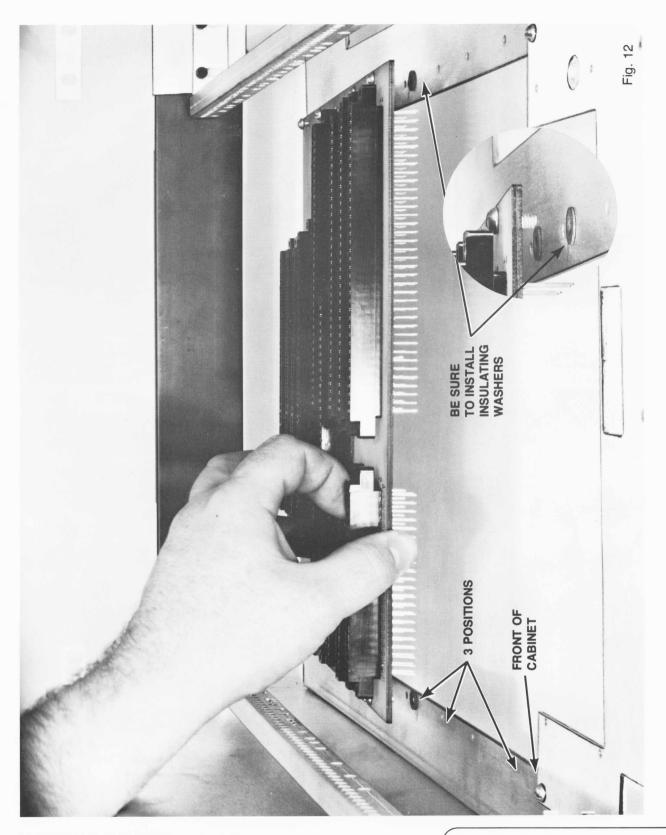
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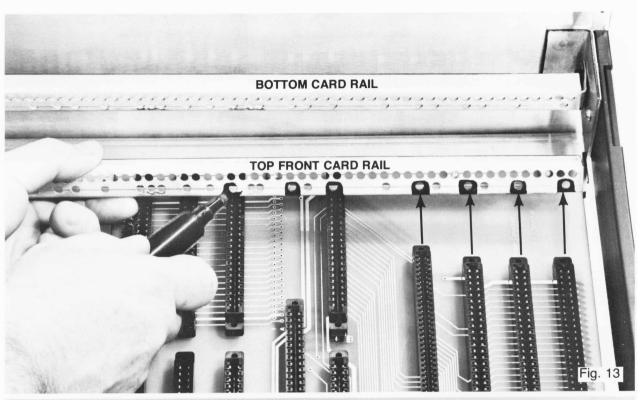


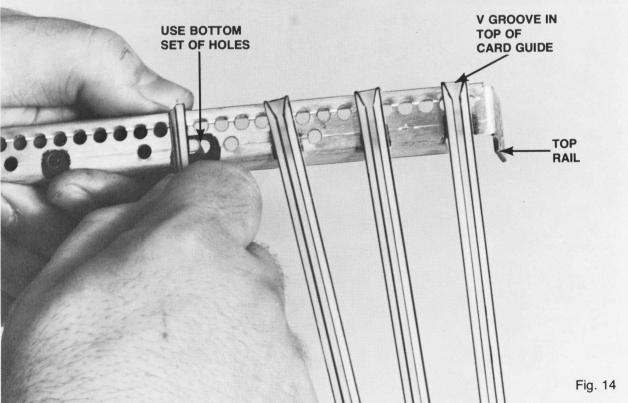




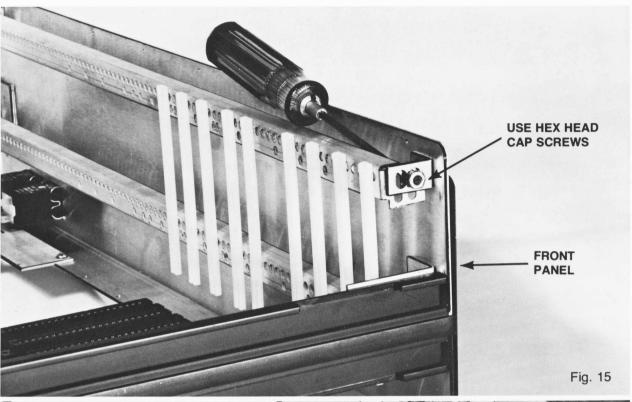


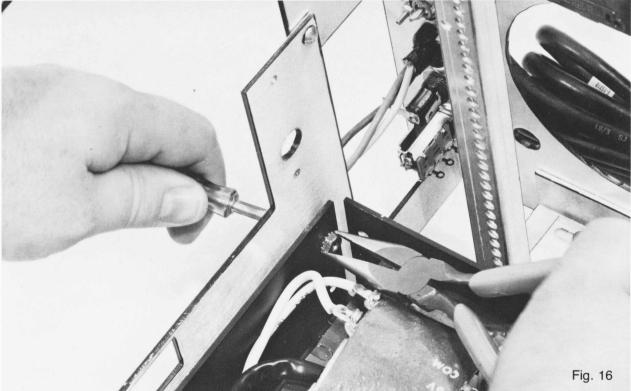


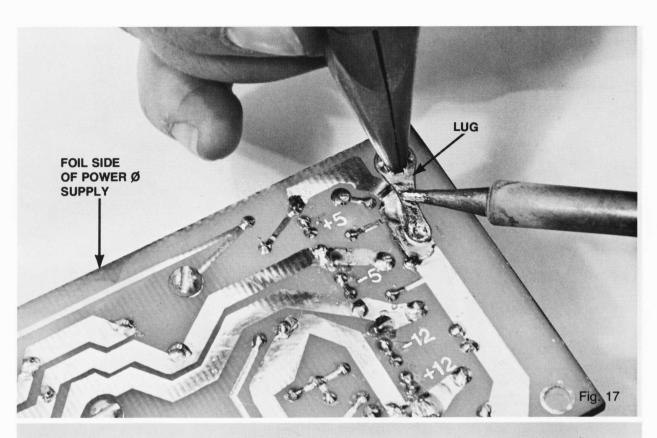


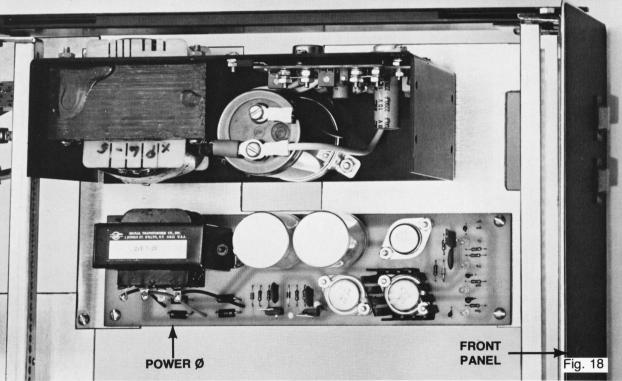


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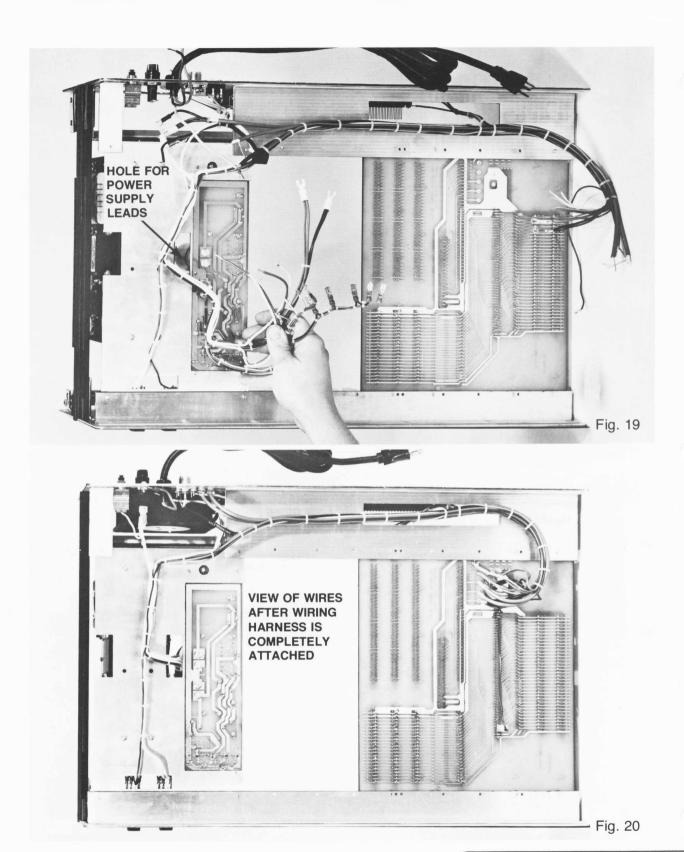


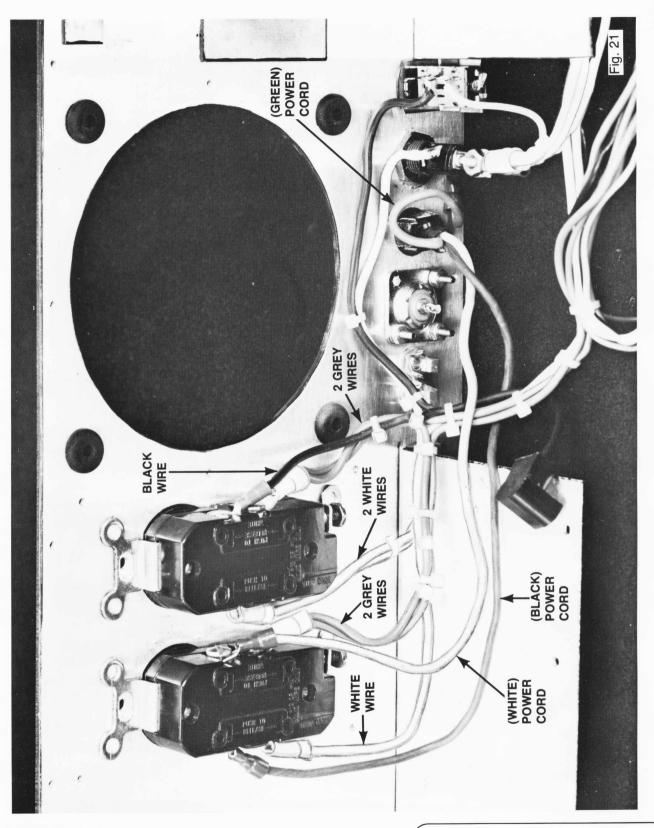




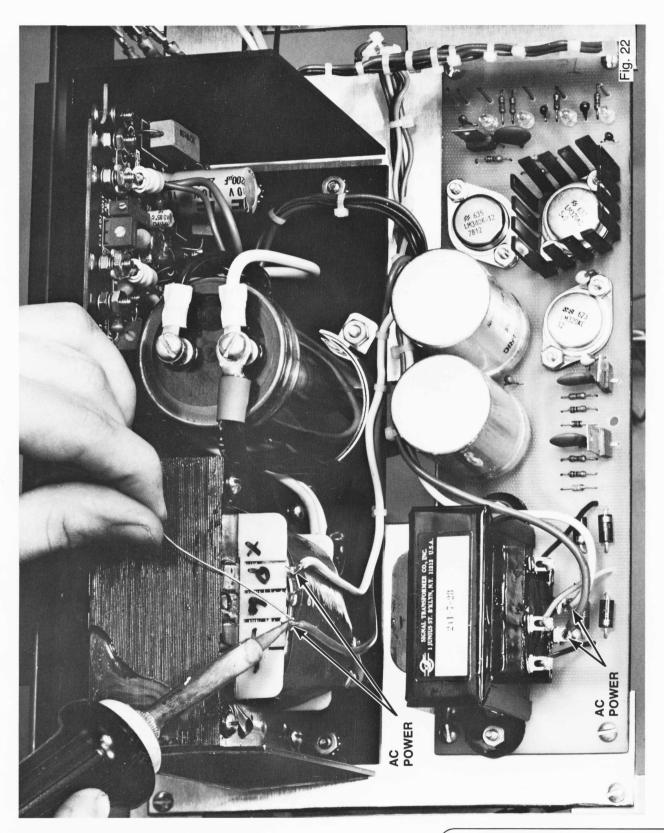


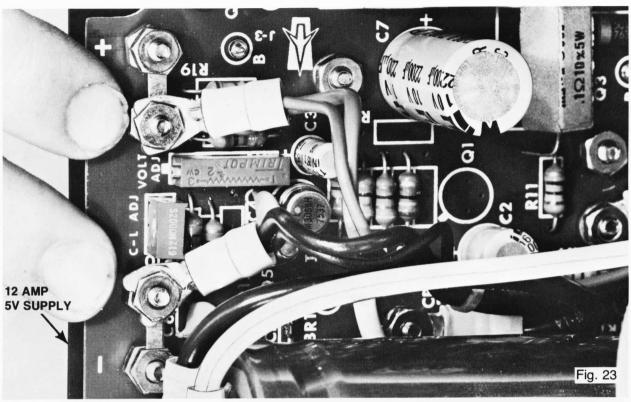


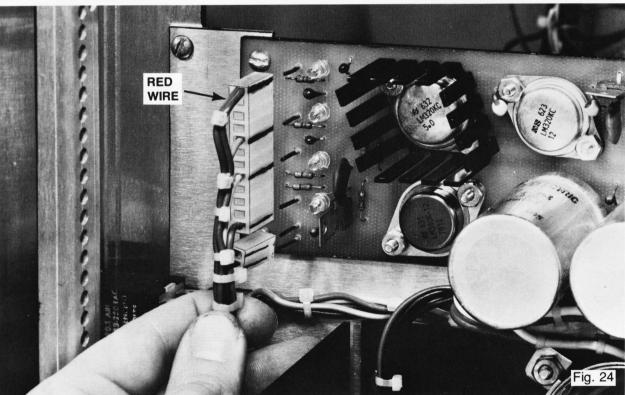


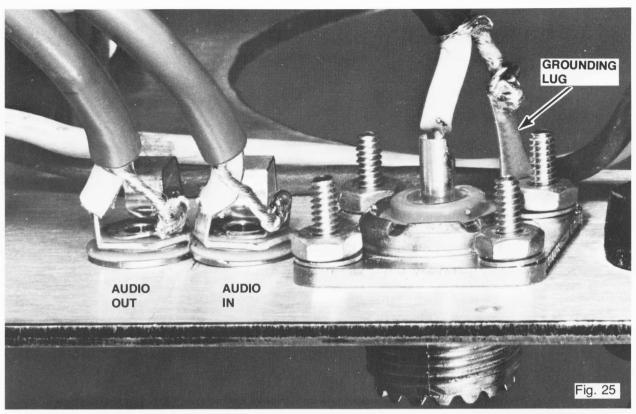


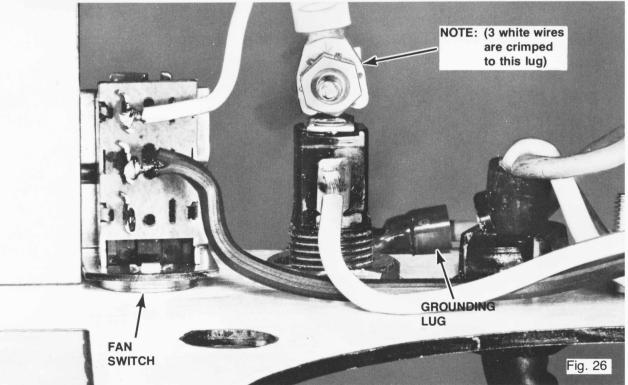
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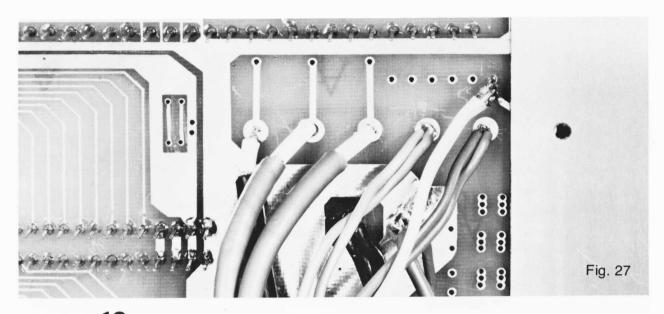


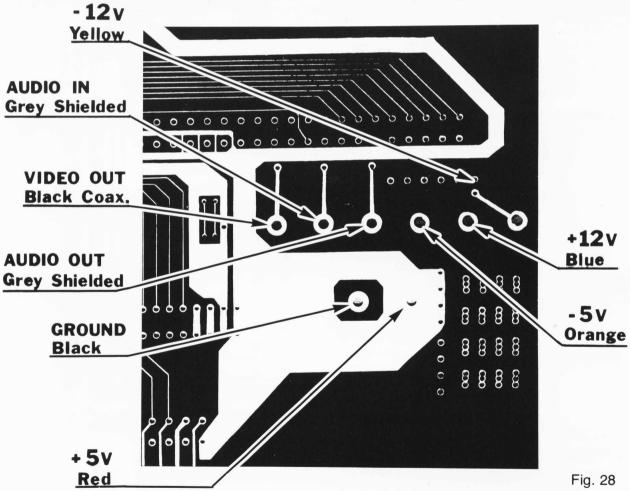


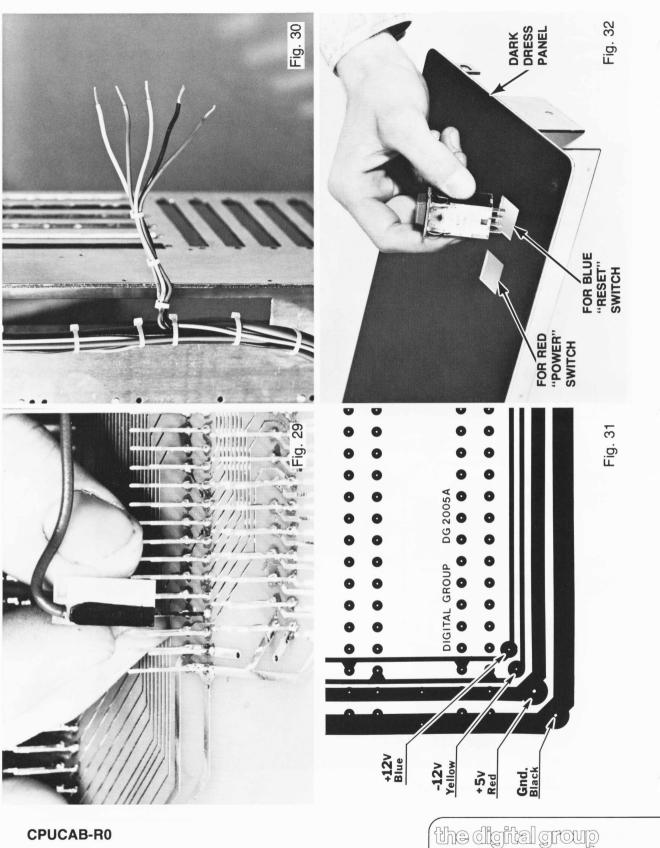












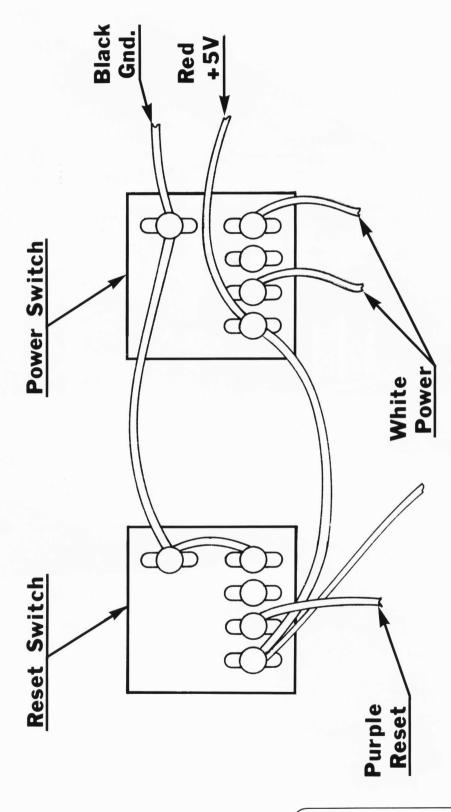
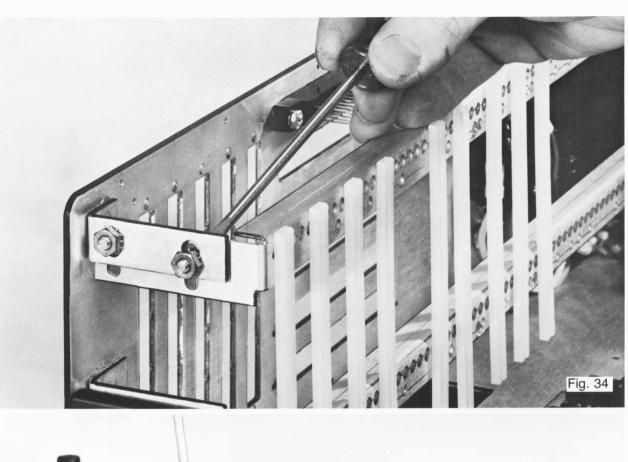


Fig. 33

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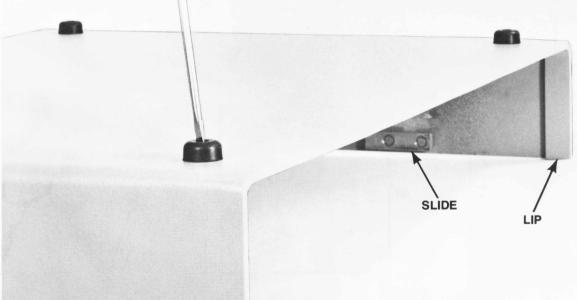
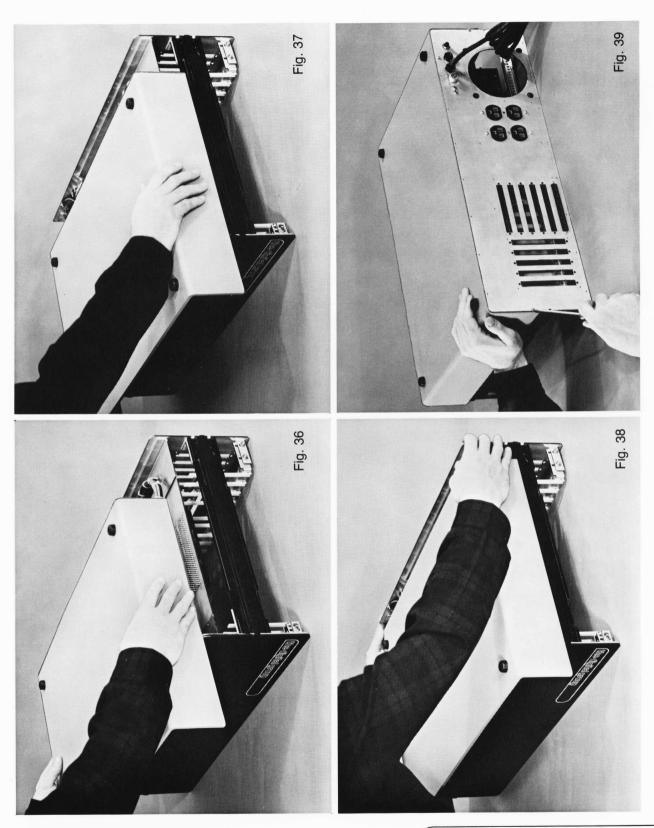
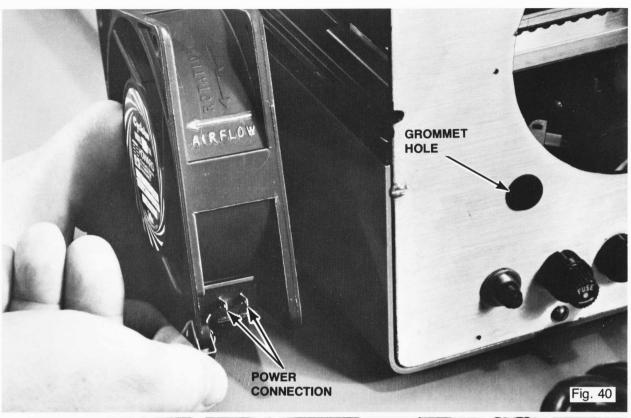


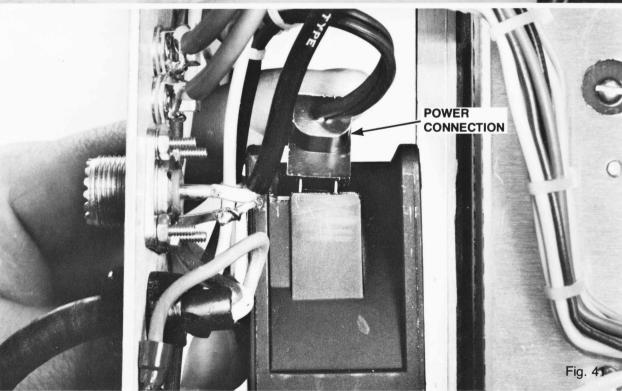
Fig. 35



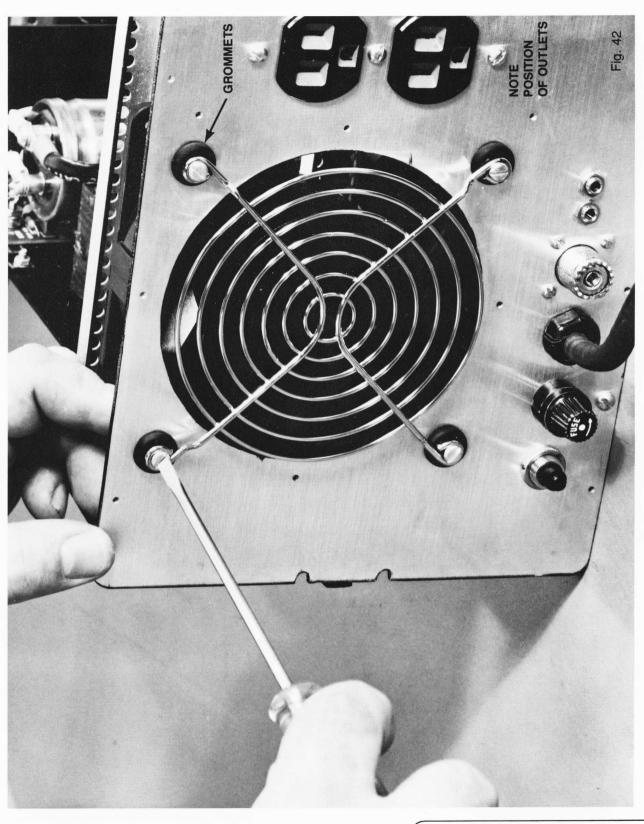
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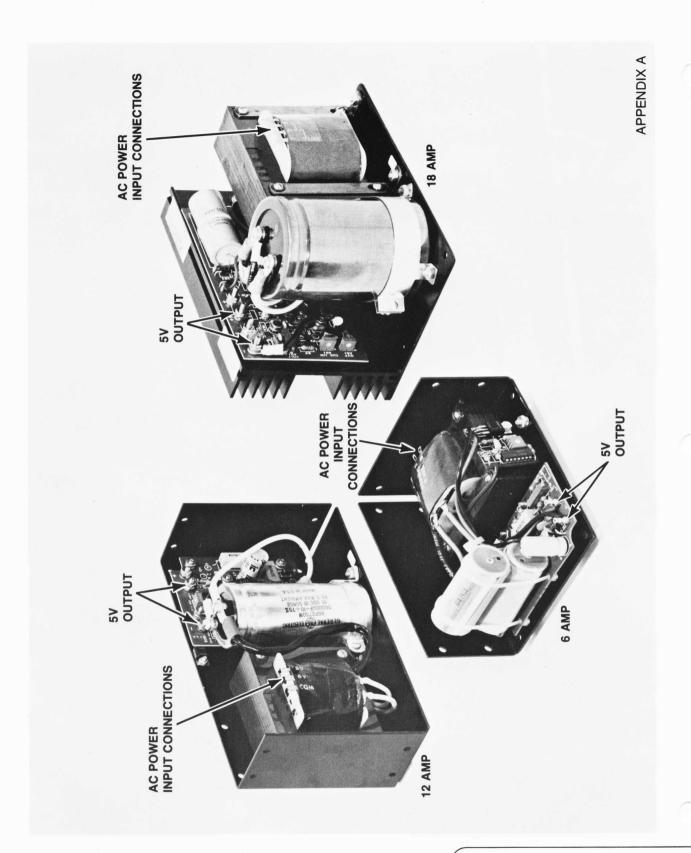
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Appendix A

It is suggested that you read a copy of "The Digital Group Low Current Power Supply" before proceeding with AC wiring.

Assembly of digital circuits involves little hazard; either during assembly or during operation. Voltages are low and chips are likely to be the only victim.

Assembling and using a power supply involves line voltage which can easily zap you. Thus a few precautions are in order.

Most important is to make sure your connections are secure. One should double wrap on tabs or posts that are to be soldered. Wires soldered into a board should be pushed in till the insulation is tight against the board and the wire should be soldered thoroughly. Strain relief should be used on all AC connectors to prevent a live wire from working loose.

Also make sure that wires have no chance of shorting and causing damage. All wires feeding through a metal wall should be protected by a rubber grommet. NOTHING should ever be installed so that it puts PRESSURE on a wire carrying power. Don't lash things up on a temporary basis and plan to fix it later. Many times it never gets fixed.

Items connected to AC power should always be fused to prevent catastrophe in the event of a short. ANY EXPOSED CONNECTIONS SHOULD BE INSULATED. All connections should be as snug as possible.

Use of a three grounding plug is strongly advised for all equipment. The third wire which is indicated by a green conductor should be attached to the case ground of your system. (The ground conductor

may be indicated by some other method than the green conductor; possibly by a silver wire with two copper colored wires).

(Note: Cabineted system is designed to use 120v, 60Hz)

5V 6 Amp

Connect AC to two tabs on transformer. These are labelled 1 and 2. DC out is labelled + and - and is located at the edge of the board.

12 amp 5v supplies will be manufactured by either Power One Inc. or by Xentec Inc.

5v 12 amp Power One Model

Connect AC power to leads 1 and 4 on transformer. Connect a jumper between 4 and 2. Connect jumper between 3 and 1. (This configuration is for 120v operation which is what the system is designed to use)

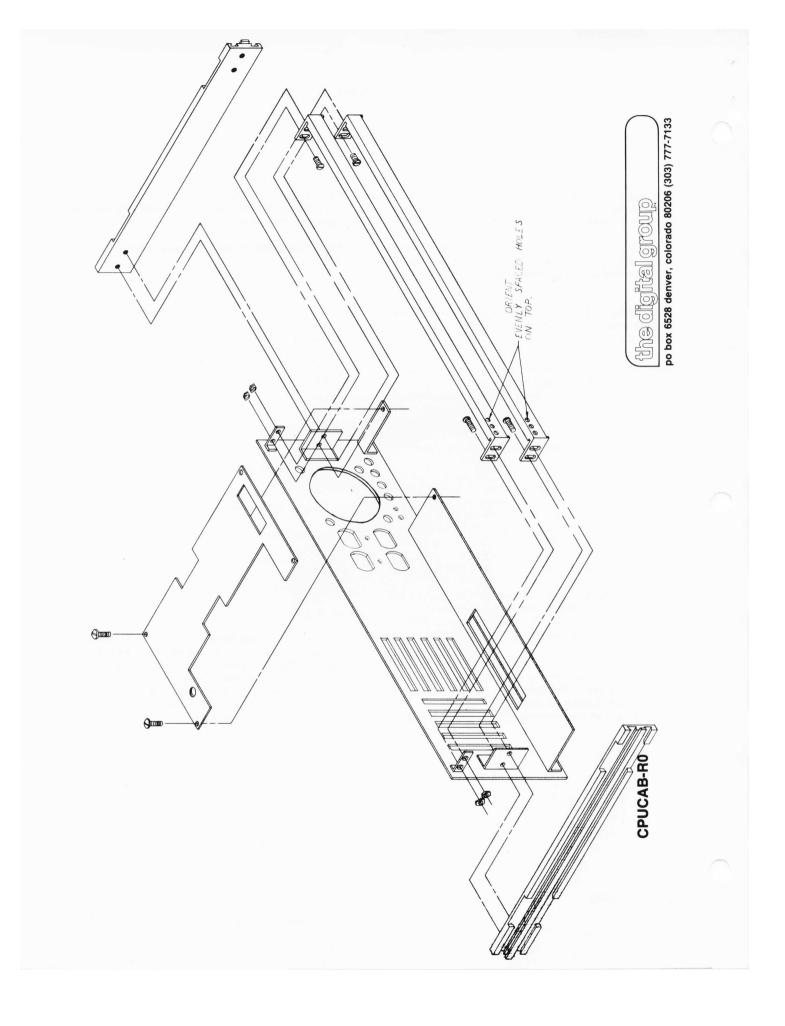
5v 12 amp Xentec Model

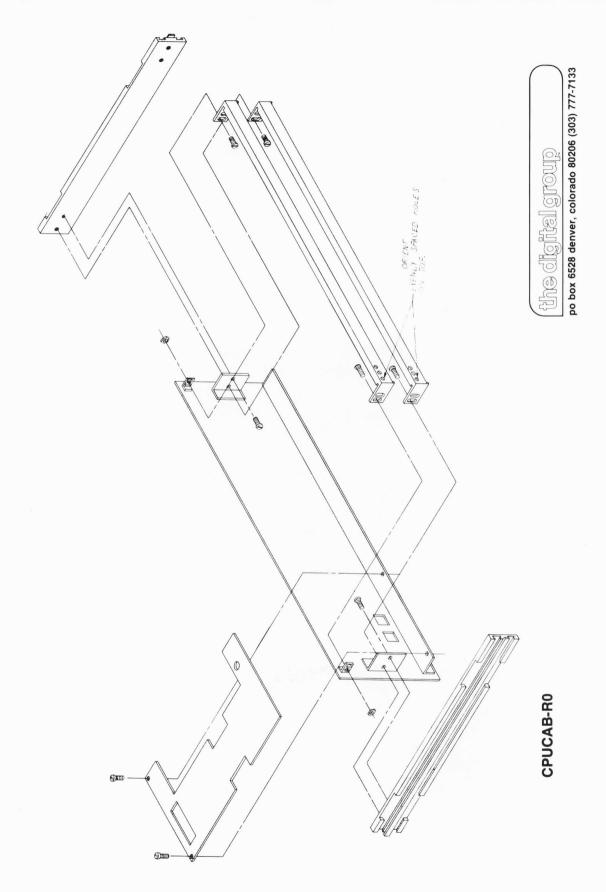
Connect power to the leads on the transformer labelled COM and 5v. The 6v lead should not be used. DC output is from the bolts labelled + and -. Don't remove the bars between s+ and + or between s+ and -. These are for sensing purposes.

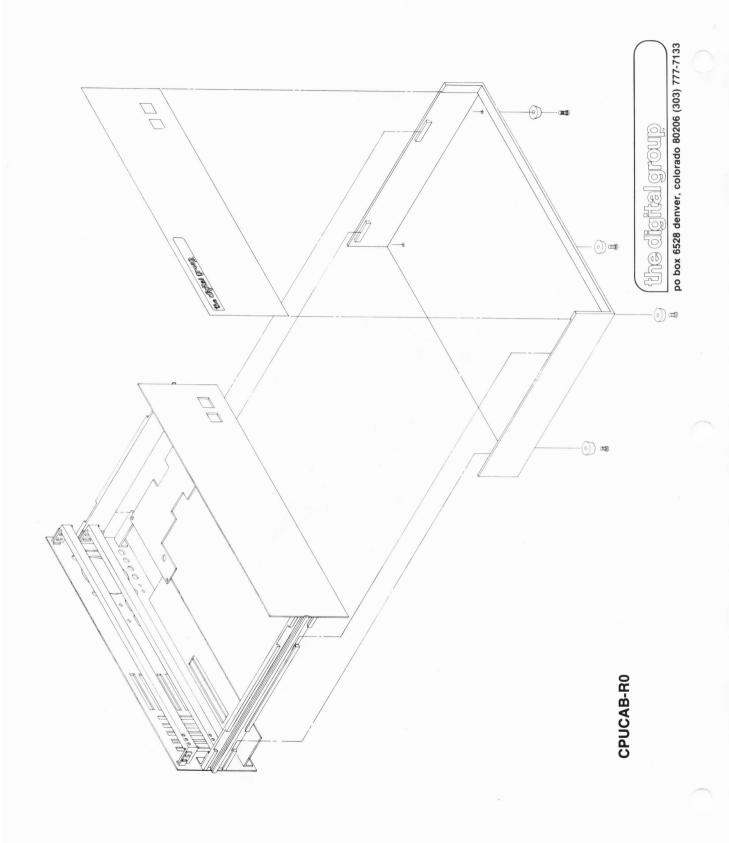
5v 18 amp

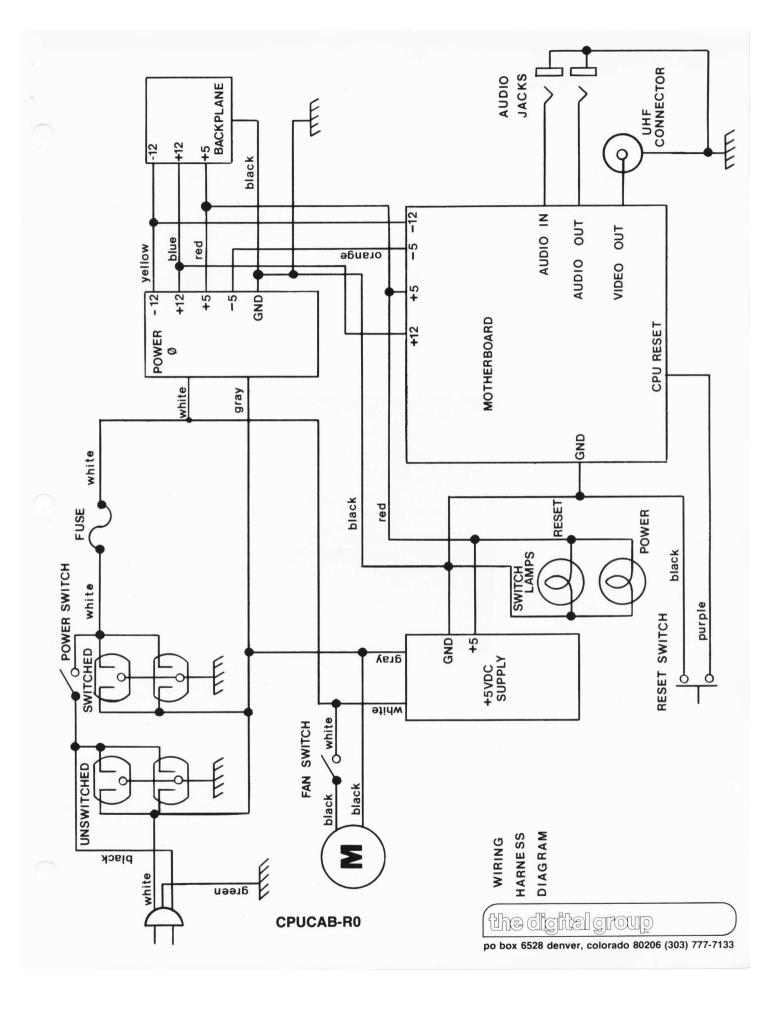
Connect AC power to leads 1 and 4 on the transformer. Connect a jumper between 3 and 4. Connect a jumper between 1 and 2. (If you plan to use 230v AC then connect power to leads 1 and 4. Jumper 2 and 3 together) DC output is from the bolts labelled + and -. Do not remove jumper bars. They are for sense purposes.



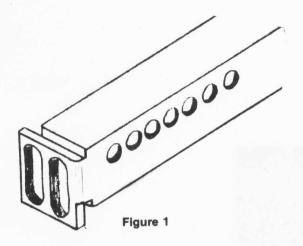








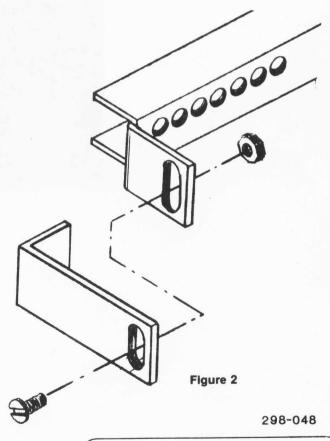
CPU Cabinet Front Card Guide Support Modification



In order to make assembly of the front card guide support easier we have reversed the end tabs that connect the card guide support to the front panel. Figure 1 shows the old style rail. (See Figure 15 in the CPU cabinet documentation.)

Shown in Figure 2 is the new style card guide support and the upper mounting bracket that is attached to the front panel, the card guide support will connect to the upper mounting bracket using a screw inserted through the slot provided. A kep nut is supplied to eliminate the need for a separate lockwasher.

'When installing the Front Lower Card Guide Support reer to Step 13 and Figure 10. Proceed as instructed with the exception that the *new* Card Guide Support will connect to the side rail bracket using the screw *farthest* from the front panel instead of the screw closest to the front panel.



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